

High Output Violet LED Lamp

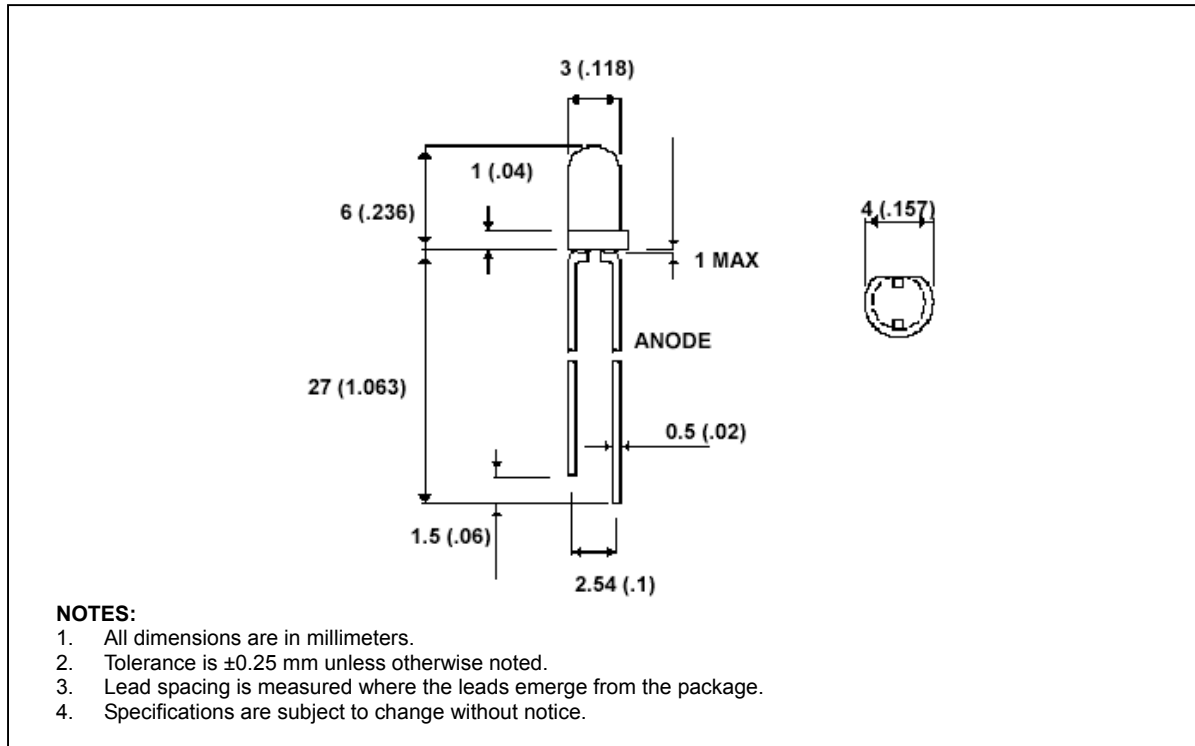


3mm Round Through-Hole Package

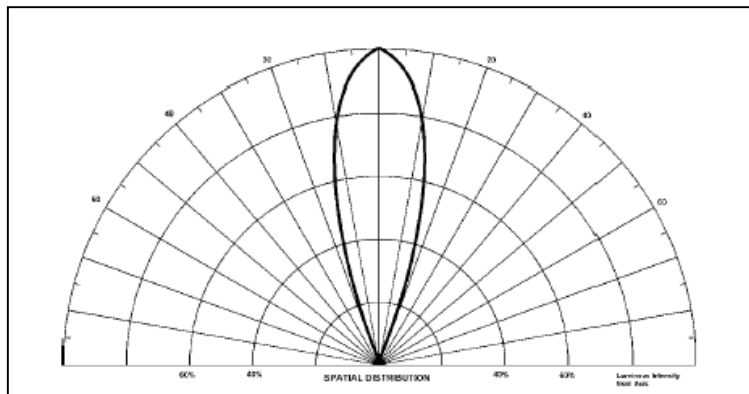
BL-LBVT3N30C series

FEATURES	APPLICATIONS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High Output Violet LED • GaN on Sapphire die. • 3mm round resin mold. • Water Clear Lens. • Wide viewing angles (30°). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Epoxy Curing • Currency validation / detection • Bacteria detection. • Medical and forensics. • Decorative /Accent Lighting

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



BEAM RADIATION PATTERN



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Continuous Forward Current	I_F	30	mA
Peak Forward Current (1/16 Duty Cycle, 0.1msec Pulse width)	I_{Fp}	150	mA
Power Dissipation	P_d	120	mW
Forward Voltage	V_f	3.6	V
Derating Factor	D_F	0.4	mA / $^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5.0	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-25 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-35 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature (1.6mm (0.063") from body)	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 seconds		

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ V_F		3.1	3.6	V
Radiant Intensity	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ I_r		21		mW/sr
Peak Wavelength	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ λ_p	410	420	425	nm
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ $\Delta \lambda$		22		nm
Viewing Angle	$2 \theta_{1/2}$		30		deg
Reverse Current	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}$ I_R		10	100	μA

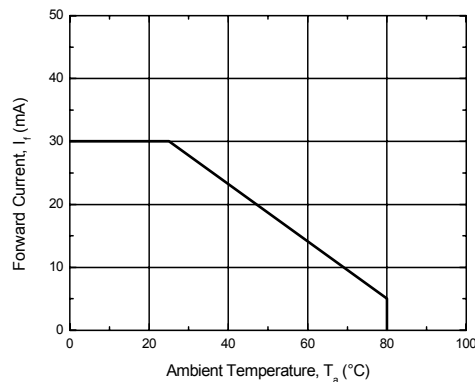
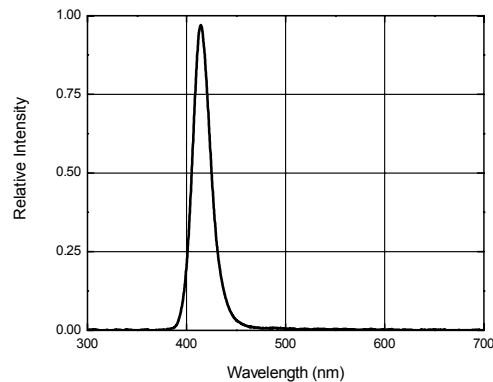
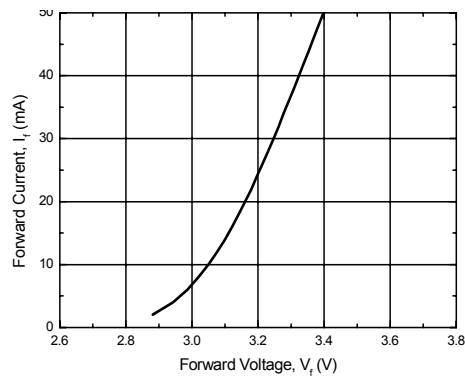
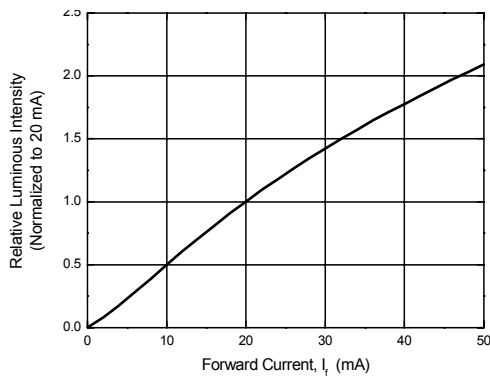
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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES (at 20 mA DC / $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



GENERAL NOTES:

1. Radiant Intensity (I), a radiometric measurement, is obtained by measuring the LED lamp with a Spectral Goniometric Analyzer. It is the Light Energy (mW) emitted by the LED lamp in the forward axial direction (within a 3° solid angle (sr)).
2. Radiant Intensity measurement uncertainty is $\pm 15\%$ due to test procedures and equipment variations.
3. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity. Tolerance $\pm 3^\circ$.
4. Dominant wavelength is derived from the 1931 CIE 2° Observer Chromaticity Diagram.
5. Peak and Dominant wavelength measurement uncertainty is ± 0.05 due to variations.
6. Caution for ESD: Static Electricity and surges can damage the LED. It is recommended using a wristband or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.
7. Do not apply excess mechanical stress to the leads, especially when heated or while soldering.

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PRODUCT CODE BREAKDOWN

